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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/748,988	12/30/2003	David P. Goren	40146/25701	8253
30636 7590 05/06/2008 FAY KAPLUN & MARCIN, LLP 150 BROADWAY, SUITE 702 NEW YORK, NY 10038				
EXAMINER				
NGUYEN, DUC M				
ART UNIT		PAPER NUMBER		
2618				
MAIL DATE		DELIVERY MODE		
05/06/2008		PAPER		

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

### Office Action Summary

**Application No.**

10/748,988

**Applicant(s)**

GOREN, DAVID P.

**Examiner**

DUC M. NGUYEN

**Art Unit**

2618

**-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --**  
**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 February 2008.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1 and 8-14 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☒ Claim(s) 14 is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1 and 8-13 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119**

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

**Attachment(s)**

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-8508)
- Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_

- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
- Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

### DETAILED ACTION

This action is in response to applicant's response filed on 9/25/07. Claims 1, 8-14 are now pending in the present application.

#### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC 103***

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims **1, 8, 11-13** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable by **Hassett et al (US 5,406,275)**.

Regarding claim **1**, **Hassett** teaches a wireless network wherein mobile units are provided with radios for transmitting and receiving data communications messages between said mobile units and fixed access points (see Fig. 1 wherein the "vehicle transceiver" would on the claimed "mobile unit", the stationary transceiver 18-22" would read on the claimed "fixed access points"), and wherein said mobile units are located using signal strength for radio communications between said mobile units and said access points (see col. 4, lines 16-20 and col. 7, lines 9-17), the improvement wherein at least some of said access points are provided with antennas having antenna patterns with selected pattern shapes including horizontally offset non-intersecting directional

antenna patterns for enhancing location of said mobile units (see Figs. 1-2 and col. 4, lines 46-51).

Here, sine the toll booth plaza in Hassett would obviously comprise a LAN, it is clear that the wireless network in Hassett would be applicable to a wireless LAN and would work equally well. Therefore, the claimed limitations are made obvious by Hassett, noting that the "local area network" recitation has not been given patentable weight because it has been held that a preamble is denied the effect of a limitation where the claim is drawn to a structure and the portion of the claim following the preamble is a self-contained description of the structure not depending for completeness upon the introductory clause. *Kropa v. Robie*, 88 USPQ 478 (CCPA 1951).

Regarding claim **8**, **Hassett** would teach said horizontally offset directional beams are horizontally offset in position as claimed (see Fig. 1).

Regarding claim **11**, **Hassett** would teach said antennas locating at selected heights for achieving selected pattern shapes as claimed (see Fig. 1).

Regarding claim **12**, **Hassett** would teach an axis of each of directional antenna patterns are arranged in parallel relation to each other as claimed (see Fig. 1).

Regarding claim **13**, **Hassett** would teach a first group of antenna patterns (i.e, a group of odd numbered antennas) radiate between a second group of antenna patterns (i.e, a group of even numbered antennas) as claimed (see Fig. 1).

3. Claims **9-10** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable by **Hassett** in view of **Robinson** (US 6,700,493).

Regarding claim **9**, **Hassett** would teach all the claimed limitations, see claim 8 above, except for some of antennas are mounted near the peripheral of a facility. However, it is noted that since **Hassett** suggested that the method can be applied for **tracking packages** (see col. 9, lines 45-46). Therefore, it would have been obvious that for tracking packages inside a facility in the similar way as disclosed by **Robinson** (see Fig. 7 and col. 7, lines 40-60), some of the antennas in **Hassett** would obviously be mounted near the peripheral of a facility as claimed, for optimizing the coverage area of a directional antenna beam in an indoor facility having rectangular shapes.

Regarding claim **10**, the claim is rejected for the same reason as set forth in claim 9 above. In addition, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to modify **Hassett** for providing said horizontally offset directional beams in a horizontally offset in position to correspond to aisles in a facility as claimed, for optimizing the coverage area of the directional antenna beam with the rectangular shape of the aisle.

4. Claims **9-10** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable by **Hassett** in view of **Chaco et al** (US 5,455,851).

Regarding claim **9**, **Hassett** would teach all the claimed limitations, see claim 8 above, except for some of antennas are mounted near the peripheral of a facility.

However, it is noted that since **Hassett** suggested that the method can be applied for **tracking packages** (see col. 9, lines 45-46). Therefore, it would have been obvious that for tracking objects inside a facility in the similar way as disclosed by **Chaco** (see Fig. 1), some of the antennas in **Hassett** would obviously be mounted near the peripheral of a facility as claimed, for optimizing the coverage area of a directional antenna beam in an indoor facility. Also note for a LAN and the horizontally offset non-intersecting directional antenna patterns apparently illustrated by dotted lines in Fig. 1 of **Chaco**.

Regarding claim **10**, the claim is rejected for the same reason as set forth in claim **9** above. In addition, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to modify **Hassett** for providing said horizontally offset directional beams in a horizontally offset in position to correspond to aisles in a facility as claimed, for optimizing the coverage area of the directional antenna beam with the rectangular shape of the aisle.

#### ***Allowable Subject Matter***

5. Claim 14 is allowed.

#### ***Response to Arguments***

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1, 8-14 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### ***Conclusion***

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Art Unit: 2618

See the attached PTO-892.

7. **Any response to this final action should be mailed to:**

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

**or faxed to:**

(571) 273-8300 (for **formal** communications intended for entry)

(571)-273-7893 (for informal or **draft** communications).

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Customer Service Window,  
Randolph Building, 401 Dulany Street, Alexandria, VA 22314.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or communications from the examiner  
should be directed to Duc M. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-7893,  
Monday-Thursday (9:00 AM - 5:00 PM).

Or to Nay Muang (Supervisor) whose telephone number is (571) 272-7882.

/Duc M. Nguyen/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2618

May 2, 2008